

In the Claims:

Please cancel claims 20-27. The claims are as follows:

1. (Previously presented) A method for performing compiler optimisation of source code during compilation of the source code in a computer environment by determining and utilizing the equivalence of two syntactically correct algebraic expressions comprised by the source code, said method comprising compiling the source code into object code, said compiling comprising determining the equivalence of the two algebraic expressions followed by eliminating a redundant algebraic expression of the two algebraic expressions determined to be equivalent, said determining the equivalence of the two algebraic expressions comprising the steps of:

- (a) recasting said expressions into a form of one or more token pairs arranged sequentially in a string, each said token pair comprising an operator followed by an operand;
- (b) reducing said strings in accordance with a set of predetermined simplifying rules;
- (c) comparing the reduced strings by matching, to detect equivalence of the two algebraic expressions;

wherein said determining the equivalence of the two algebraic expressions comprises prior to the recasting step (a), in relation to said algebraic expressions, at least one of the following preconditioning sub-steps:

- (da) deleting a space in the expression;
- (db) removing a bracket in the expression by expanding a bracketed sub-expression;

(dc) inserting a unitary operator at the start of the expression;
(dd) recasting a power factor, being a variable being raised to a power in the expression, in an alternate form as one of:

(dda) the power factor being expressed as the variable multiplied by itself as many times as the power, if the power is a positive integer;

(ddb) the power factor being expressed as a reciprocal of the variable multiplied by itself as many times as an absolute value of the power, if the power is a negative integer;

(ddc) the power factor being replaced by an appropriate function which can compute the power factor, if the power is not an integer;

(de) recasting a constant in the expression in exponential format;

(df) substituting a "+" operator in the expression by "+1*", a "1" being in exponential format;

(dg) substituting a "-" operator in the expression by "-1*", a "1" being in exponential format; and

(dh) recasting a "division by a constant" in the expression as multiplication by a reciprocal of the constant;

wherein said reducing said strings in accordance with the set of predetermined simplifying rules in step (b) comprises:

(ba) arranging token pairs into subgroups;

(bb) arranging operand tokens in an arranged subgroup in order;

(bc) reducing the ordered operands by consolidating one or more constants and

eliminating variables of opposite effect to form reduced subgroups; and

(bd) consolidating one or more multiple instances of similar subgroups, to produce a reduced string.

2. (Canceled)

3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said determining the equivalence of the two algebraic expressions comprises prior to the recasting step (a), in relation to said algebraic expressions, all of the preconditioning sub-steps.

4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein an algebraic expression whose equivalence is to be determined contains an aliased variable, said determining the equivalence of the two algebraic expressions further comprising the steps of:

arranging an ordered list of aliases of the variable, and substituting a first alias in the ordered list for all instances of the aliased variable in the expression, wherein said compiling comprises said arranging an ordered list of aliases of the variable and said substituting a first alias in the ordered list.

5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein an algebraic expression whose equivalence is to be determined contains a function, said determining the equivalence of the two algebraic expressions further comprising the steps of:

reducing function arguments using the set of predetermined simplifying rules; and

replacing the function by a tagged string, said string designating a function name, parameter types, and arguments, wherein the tag distinguishes the function name from a variable, wherein said compiling comprises said reducing function arguments and said replacing the function by a tagged string.

6-19. (Canceled)

20-27. (Canceled)